# Year 4 Knowledge Organiser Summer 2 How do living things survive?

#### Skills

- Observe plants and animals in different habitats throughout the year.
- Compare and contrast the living things observed.
- Use classification keys to name unknown living things.
- Classify living things found in different habitats based on their features.
- Create a simple identification key based on observable features.
- Use fieldwork to explore human impact on the local environment e.g. Litter, tree planting.
- Use secondary sources to find out about how environments may naturally change
- Use secondary sources to find out about human impact, both positive and negative on human environments.

### Knowledge

- A flowering plant produces a flower and a seed.
- A non-flowering plant doesn't produce a flower or a seed.
- To stay alive and healthy, all living things need: Movement Respiration Sensitivity Growth

Reproduction Excretion Nutrition

- Changes to the environment can be dangerous to the animals and plants that live there and rely on the environment for everything they need.
- Natural changes can cause a plant or animal's environment to change.
- Human-made changes can cause a plant or animal's environment to change.

## Year 4 Knowledge Organiser: Summer 2 How do living things survive?

Essential vocabulary	
classification	The process of arranging things into groups with something in common.
classification keys	A series of questions to identify an object, plant or animal.
environment	Your surroundings. The natural world around us.
habitat	The natural home of a plant or animal.
human impact	The ways in which people affect the environment.
positive	Something good — adding something to a situation.
negative	Something bad or taking something away.
migrate	Moving from one place to another to live.

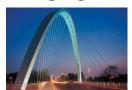
Question/Vocabulary	Essential Knowledge
How would you define a flowering plant?	A flowering plant produces a flower and a seed.
How would you define a non-flowering plant?	A non-flowering plant doesn't produce a flower or a seed.
To stay alive and healthy all living things need conditions that allow them to carry out seven life processes, what are they?	Movement Growth Respiration Reproduction Sensitivity Excretion Nutrition
If a plant or animals environment is changed, what effect could this have?	Changes to the environment can be dangerous to the animals and plants that live there and rely on the environment for everything they need.
What natural changes can cause a plant or animal's environment to change?	Earthquakes. Storms. Floods. Droughts. Wildfires. The seasons.
What human-made changes can cause a plant or animal's environment to change?	Deforestation. Pollution. Urbanisation. Introducing a new animal or plant. Creating new nature reserves.

#### Bridging backwards:



Year 3 Plants

### Bridging forwards:



Year 5 Plants